

PLU February 2018 Programming Contest

Novice Division

I. General Notes

1. Do the problems in any order you like. They do not have to be done in order from 1 to 12.
2. Problems will have either no input or will read input from a specified file. All output should be to standard output (the monitor).
3. All input is as specified in the problem. Unless specified by the problem, integer inputs will not have leading zeros.
4. Your program should not print extraneous output. Follow the form exactly as given in the problem.

II. Names of Problems

Number	Name
Problem 1	Pottery
Problem 2	Mathematics
Problem 3	Reverse
Problem 4	Square
Problem 5	Quadratics
Problem 6	Holes
Problem 7	Ornaments
Problem 8	Family
Problem 9	Zero
Problem 10	Work
Problem 11	Number
Problem 12	Draw

1. Pottery

Input File: None

3D printing is becoming more and more prominent in today's society. Unfortunately, you don't currently have access to a 3D printer. Instead, you can just print an item with your knowledge of coding! Print a clay pot.

Input

There is no input for this problem.

Output

Output the pot exactly as shown in the example output. There are no blank lines before or after the output, and there are no trailing spaces on any of the lines.

Example Input File

There is no input for this problem.

Example Output to Screen

```
  \_____/
   \  /
    |  |
   /  \
  /____\
 /-----\
| \- / \- / |
\-----/
  \_____/
```

2. Mathematics

Input File: mathematics.dat

A mathematician has stolen your calculator! Luckily, you know how to code and can write a program that adds together numbers. Write a program that adds together a list of integers.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of integers to add together. The next n lines will each contain one integer. Your task is to write a program that adds all of the integers together.

Output

Output the resulting integer. The output should be one line containing one integer value.

Example Input File

```
3
1
2
3
```

Example Output to Screen

```
6
```

3. Reverse

Input File: reverse.dat

In the `String` class, there exists a function called `substring`. Your task is to do the opposite of the `substring` function. Rather than returning a specified substring within the `String`, you will output the `String` with the substring taken out.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow. Each data set will be one line with a string and two integers i and j , separated by spaces. The first int, i , is the start index of the substring to be taken out, and the substring removed extends to index $j-1$. Thus the length of the substring removed is $j-i$. You may assume that $0 \leq i \leq j \leq \text{length}(\text{string})$.

Output

Output the given string, with the substring taken out specified by the given integers. The output will be n lines, with no leading or trailing white space.

Example Input File

```
3
COMPUTER 1 3
SCIENCE 3 7
RULES 3 4
```

Example Output to Screen

```
CPUTER
SCI
RULS
```

4. Square

Input File: square.dat

Your mother has asked you to create a template for the squares of a quilt she is making. Her quilt will be based on words! Print out a square of the given word, in the style shown in the example output.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow. Each data set will consist of a single line with one word of length k ($0 < k < 100$).

Output

Output the square in the format shown in the example output. There are no spaces between data sets. The final square should be both as wide and as tall as the length of the word.

Example Input File

```
3
one
three
fifteen
```

Example Output to Screen

```
one
n n
eno
three
h e
r r
e h
eerht
fifteen
i e
f e
t t
e f
e i
neetfif
```

5. Quadratics

Input File: quadratics.dat

After hearing that the quadratic formula is used constantly in calculus, you decide that it would be more efficient to just write a program for it! Write a program that solves the equation shown below:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

The \pm sign represents two different equations, one with $+$ and one with $-$. Your answer will be both answers, separated by a comma and a space.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow. Each data set will contain three numbers (integer or decimal) on a single line, representing a , b , and c respectively.

Output

Output the two answers to the equation, rounded to the thousandths digit and separated by a comma and one space. The $+$ sign will be the first answer, then the $-$ sign will be the second. The solutions will always be real numbers.

Example Input File

```
2
1 6 3
4 10 6.1
```

Example Output to Screen

```
-0.551, -5.449
-1.056, -1.444
```

6. Holes

Input File: holes.dat

After receiving an impenetrable box, you wonder what's inside! Write a program that finds out how many different disconnected sections the box has, and the total area of the space within the box.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow. Each data set will start with two integers r and c representing the number of rows and columns of the box, respectively. The next r lines will represent the box, with $\#$ representing walls and $.$ representing spaces. The box will be surrounded entirely by walls.

Output

Output the number of discrete (disconnected) sections and the total number of spaces in the box, in the format shown in the example output.

Example Input File

```
2
4 8
#####
#...#...#
#.#.#...#
#####
3 3
###
#.#
###
```

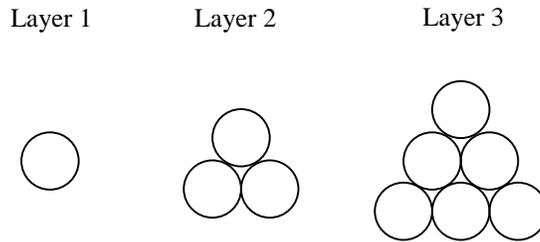
Example Output to Screen

```
2 sections, 9 spaces
1 section, 1 space
```

7. Ornaments

Input File: ornaments.dat

As a worker at the local mall, you have to set out the Christmas ornaments display. The display setup is a triangular pyramid, with the top layer containing one ball, the second from the top containing three, and so on. Each layer's side length will be equal to their layer number. Write a program to determine the total number of ornaments in a pyramid, given the number of layers.



Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow.

Each data set will consist of a single line containing one integer, denoting the number of layers in the pyramid.

Output

Output the total number of ornaments in the pyramid.

Example Input File

```
2
1
4
```

Example Output to Screen

```
1
10
```

8. Family

Input File: family.dat

You have been given bits and pieces of your family tree. Your task is to determine if two people are related based on several connections.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of connections. The next n lines will consist of a name, a connection, and another name. The connections will be either mom, dad, brother, sister, daughter, or son. The next line will contain a single integer m that indicates the number of test cases. The next m lines will consist of two names. Your program should determine if the two names are related.

Output

Output either `Related` or `Not Related`, depending on whether they are connected or not. There will be m lines of output.

Example Input File

```
3
John brother Susan
Kim mom John
Dave son Jim
2
Jim John
Kim Susan
```

Example Output to Screen

```
Not Related
Related
```

9. Zero

Input File: zero.dat

You're writing the positive integers in increasing order starting from one. But you've never learned the digit zero, and thus omit any number that contains a zero in any position. The first ten integers you write are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 11. You have just written down the integer k (which is guaranteed to not contain the digit zero). What will be the next integer that you write down?

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow. Each data set will consist of a single line containing the integer k ($1 \leq k \leq 999,999$). It is guaranteed that k does not contain the digit zero.

Output

For each data set print, on a single line, the next integer you will be writing down.

Example Input File

```
2
99
1234
```

Example Output to Screen

```
111
1235
```

10. Work

Input File: work.dat

You own a company that hires painters to paint houses. You can hire as many painters as you want, but for every painter you hire, you have to pay X dollars (independent of how long the painter works on the house). In addition, you have to pay a penalty of $D \cdot P$ dollars overall if it takes D days to finish painting the house. This penalty does not depend on the number of painters you hire; furthermore, even if the time taken is not a whole number of days, you are only penalized for the exact time taken. All painters paint at the same rate. One painter can finish painting the house in K days. The painters cooperate so well that it will only take K/M days for M painters to finish painting the house. What is the minimum amount of money you will have to pay, including what you pay to the painters and the cost penalty, to get a house painted?

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow. Each data set consists of a single line containing three space-separated integers K , P , and X ($1 \leq K, P, X \leq 10,000$).

Output

For each data set print, on a single line, the minimum cost to have the house painted, rounded and displayed to exactly three decimal places.

Example Input File

```
2
31 41 59
3 4 5
```

Example Output to Screen

```
549.200
16.000
```

11. Number

Input File: number.dat

One of the professors at PLU has had a lot of trouble reading student programs. He just cannot read that small print. Your job is to write a program that will read a positive integer and rewrite the number in large block format. The block format for each digit is given below.

```
0000 1 2222 3333 4 4 5555 6666 7777 8888 9999
0 0 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 8 9 9
0 0 1 2222 3333 4444 5555 6666 7 8888 9999
0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 8 9
0000 1 2222 3333 4 5555 6666 7 8888 9
```

Input

There will be one positive integer on the first line.

Output

Print each digit of the integer in block format starting with the leftmost digit. There must be one blank line after each block digit.

Example Input File

```
8436
```

Example Output to Screen

```
8888
8 8
8888
8 8
8888

4 4
4 4
4444
4
4

3333
3
3333
3
3333

6666
6
6666
6 6
6666
```

12. Draw

Input File: draw.dat

You're bored during class one day. Instead of drawing shapes all over your paper, you decide to write a program that will do it for you! Write a program that, when given the type of shape and the dimensions, will draw the specified shape. The program will also be able to either leave the shape empty or fill it in. The shape names and examples are shown below.

rectangle	## ##	### # # ###	### ### ###
left triangle	# ## ###	# ## # # ####	# ## ### ####
right triangle	# ## ###	# ## # # ####	# ## ### ####
diamond	# # # #	# # # # # #	# ### ##### ### #

The rectangle can be any number of rows and columns. The left triangle, the right triangle, and the diamond will always have the same number of rows and columns. For the diamond, the number of rows and columns will always be odd.

Input

The first line will contain a single integer n that indicates the number of data sets that follow. Each data set will be one line that starts with the shape name. If the shape is a rectangle, the name will be followed by two integers, r and c , representing the number of rows and columns respectively. If not, then the shape name will be followed by one integer, denoting the number of both rows and columns. The line will end with either y or n , y meaning that the shape is filled in and n meaning that the shape is empty.

Output

You will print the specified shape of the specified size, either filled or empty as denoted by the letter at the end of the line. There are examples of the shapes in the table above. There are no lines of whitespace between data sets.

Example Input File

```
3
rectangle 3 5 n
right triangle 4 n
diamond 7 y
```

